

MA 341 Sec 007 Spring 2007 TEST 1

February 8, 2007

Name: _____

1	20	
2	20	
3	20	
4	20	
5	20	
Total	100	

Neatly work out the following problems on separate paper. Make sure to write solutions in an organized manner, and keep problems in order. *SHOW ALL WORK! Unsupported answers will not receive full credit. Circle your final answer.*

- (1) Use Euler's method with step size $h = 0.1$ to approximate the solution to the initial value problem

$$y' = x - y^2, \quad y(1) = 0$$

at the points $x = 1.1, 1.2$ and 1.3 . Show all work. In particular, make sure to state what formulas you are using. Place answers in a table.

- (2) Classify the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dx} - \frac{y}{x} = 2x + 1$$

as separable, linear, or exact. Solve this differential equation.

- (3) Classify the differential equation

$$(2x + y)dx + (x - 2y)dy = 0$$

as separable, linear, or exact. Solve this differential equation using the initial condition $y(0) = 0$.

- (4) Assume the rate of decay of a radioactive substance is proportional to the amount of the substance present. Let $p(t)$ represent the amount of substance (in grams) present at time t (in years). Let k be the proportionality constant. If initially there are 300 grams of this substance and after 5 years there are 200 grams remaining, how much time must elapse before only 10 grams remain? In your solution, be sure to show the following for full credit:

- State differential equation modeling this situation along with initial conditions.
- Solve the IVP model, giving an equation for the amount of substance remaining after t years.
- Calculate how much time must elapse before only 10 grams of the substance remains.

- (5) Find a general solution to the following two differential equations:

(a) $6y'' + y' - 2y = 0$

(b) $4y'' - 4y' + y = 0$