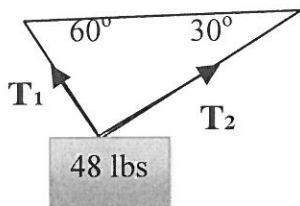


MA 242 Test 1 Version 1 No Work=No Credit!

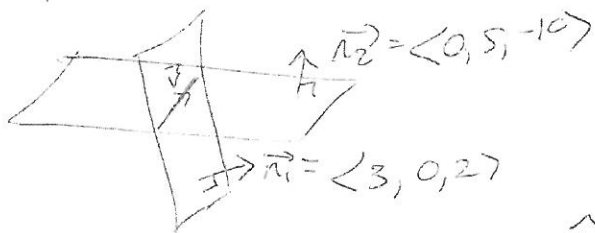
Put all of your answers in the blue book, answers written elsewhere won't be graded.

- (12 points) Find parametric equations of the line of intersection of the planes $3x+2z=9$ and $5y-10z=30$
- (10 points) Find the value(s) of x for which the vectors $\langle 3,2,x \rangle$ and $\langle 2x,4,x \rangle$ are orthogonal
- (15 points) Use the intersecting lines below to answer the following:
 $L_1: x=6+2t$ $L_2: x=7+3s$
 $y=3+2t$ $y=5+2s$
 $z=9+3t$ $z=10+5s$
 - What is their point of intersection?
 - Find an equation of the plane containing the intersecting lines
- (18 points) The curve $\mathbf{r}_1(t) = \langle 2t+1, \sin(2t), e^{3t} \rangle$ intersects the curve $\mathbf{r}_2(t) = \langle \cos(t), 5t, t^2 + 1 \rangle$ at the point $(1,0,1)$
 - Find the angle of intersection of these curves.
 - Find the vector equation of the tangent line to $\mathbf{r}_1(t)$ at the point $(1,0,1)$
- (30 points) Use the points $A(1,2,3)$, $B(4,1,3)$, and $C(1,0,2)$ to answer the following:
 - Find the distance from B to the yz -plane
 - Find the distance from B to the z -axis
 - Find the projection of A on the xy -plane
 - Find \vec{AB}
 - Find two vectors parallel to \vec{AB} with magnitude 12
 - Find the area of the triangle ABC
- (15 points) Find $|\mathbf{T}_1|$ and $|\mathbf{T}_2|$ in the picture shown below.



C3 T1 V1 Solutions

1. (12pts)



$$\vec{v} = \vec{n}_1 \times \vec{n}_2 = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 3 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 5 & -10 \end{vmatrix} = \langle 0-10, -(-30), 15 \rangle \\ = \langle -10, 30, 15 \rangle$$

$$z=0 \quad 3x=9 \quad x=3 \\ 5y=30 \quad y=6$$

$$P(3, 6, 0)$$

$$\begin{cases} x = 3 - 10t \\ y = 6 + 30t \\ z = 0 + 15t \end{cases}$$

2. (10pts) $\langle 3, 2, x \rangle \cdot \langle 2x, 4, x \rangle = 0$

$$6x + 8 + x^2 = 0$$

$$(x+4)(x+2) = 0$$

$$x = -4, \quad x = -2$$

3. (15 pts)

$$\begin{aligned}
 a) \quad & \left. \begin{aligned} 6+2t &= 7+3s \\ 3+2t &= 5+2s \end{aligned} \right\} \quad 3 = 2+s \rightarrow s=1 \rightarrow t=2 \\
 & 9+3t = 10+5s \\
 & 15 = 15 \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(10, 7, 15)$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \vec{n} &= \langle 2, 2, 3 \rangle \times \langle 3, 2, 5 \rangle = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 2 & 2 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 5 \end{vmatrix} \\
 &= \langle 10-6, -(10-9), 4-6 \rangle \\
 &= \langle 4, -1, -2 \rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

$$4(x-10) - (y-7) - 2(z-5) = 0$$

4. (18 pts)

a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 2t + 1 &= 1 \\
 \sin 2t &= 0 \rightarrow t=0 \\
 e^{3t} &= 1
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\vec{r}_1' = \langle 2, 2\cos 2t, 3e^{3t} \rangle \quad \vec{r}_2' = \langle -\sin t, 5, 2t \rangle$$

$$\vec{r}_1'(0) = \langle 2, 2, 3 \rangle \quad \vec{r}_2'(0) = \langle 0, 5, 0 \rangle$$

$$|\vec{r}_1'(0) \cdot \vec{r}_2'(0)| = |\vec{r}_1'(0)| |\vec{r}_2'(0)| \cos \theta$$

$$10 = \sqrt{4+4+9} \sqrt{25} \cos \theta$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{10}{5\sqrt{17}} \right)$$

$$\theta = \cos^{-1} \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt{17}} \right)$$

b) $\vec{r}(t) = \langle 1, 0, 1 \rangle + \langle 2, 2, 3 \rangle t$

5. (30 pts)

a) 4

b) $\sqrt{4^2+1^2} = \sqrt{17}$

c) (1, 2, 0)

d) $\vec{AB} = \langle 3, -1, 0 \rangle$

e) $|\vec{AB}| = \sqrt{9+1} = \sqrt{10}$

$\left\langle \frac{3(12)}{\sqrt{10}}, -\frac{12}{\sqrt{10}}, 0 \right\rangle \neq \left\langle -\frac{3(12)}{\sqrt{10}}, \frac{12}{\sqrt{10}}, 0 \right\rangle$

f) $\vec{AC} = \langle 0, -2, -1 \rangle$

$$\vec{AB} \times \vec{AC} = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & -1 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \langle 1, -(-3), -6 \rangle = \langle 1, 3, -6 \rangle$$

$$|\vec{AB} \times \vec{AC}| = \sqrt{1+9+36} = \sqrt{46}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{46}}{2}$$

6. (15 pts)

$$\vec{T}_1 = \langle |\vec{T}_1| \cos 60^\circ, |\vec{T}_1| \sin 60^\circ \rangle = \langle -\frac{1}{2} |\vec{T}_1|, \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |\vec{T}_1| \rangle$$

$$\vec{T}_2 = \langle |\vec{T}_2| \cos 30^\circ, |\vec{T}_2| \sin 30^\circ \rangle = \langle \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |\vec{T}_2|, |\vec{T}_2| \frac{1}{2} \rangle$$

$$\vec{T}_1 + \vec{T}_2 = \langle 0, 48 \rangle$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} |\vec{T}_1| + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |\vec{T}_2| = 0 \rightarrow |\vec{T}_1| = \sqrt{3} |\vec{T}_2|$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} |\vec{T}_1| + \frac{1}{2} |\vec{T}_2| = 48$$

$$\frac{3}{2} |\vec{T}_2| + \frac{1}{2} |\vec{T}_2| = 2 |\vec{T}_2| = 48$$

$$|\vec{T}_2| = 24$$

$$|\vec{T}_1| = \sqrt{3} 24$$