

(2)

The optimal dictionary is

$$x_1 = 2 + 3x_3 - 2x_4$$

$$x_2 = 2 - 5x_3 + 3x_4$$

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$$z = 12 - 2x_3 - 7x_4$$

The optimal dual dictionary is

$$s_3 = 2 - 3s_1 + 5s_2$$

$$s_4 = 7 + 2s_1 - 3s_2$$

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$$-W = -12 - 2s_1 - 2s_2$$

The optimal primal solution is

$$x^* = (2, 2, 0, 0)$$

The optimal dual solution is

$$y^* = (-10, 7)$$

$$\text{and } s^* = (0, 0, 2, 7)$$

(a) Suppose we add a new variable  $x_5$

$$c_5 = 1 \quad \text{and} \quad a_5 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A_B^{-1} A_N = A_B^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} a_3 & a_4 & a_5 \end{bmatrix} \\ = \begin{bmatrix} A_B^{-1} a_3 & A_B^{-1} a_4 & A_B^{-1} a_5 \end{bmatrix}$$

We have  $A_B^{-1} a_5$  (NEW NONBASIC COLUMN)  $= \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 2 \\ 5 & -3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$   
 $= \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

Also  $S_N = \begin{bmatrix} s_3 & s_4 & s_5 \end{bmatrix}$   
 $= \begin{bmatrix} c_3 - A_3^T y & c_4 - A_4^T y & c_5 - A_5^T y \end{bmatrix}$

We also have  $(c_5 - A_5^T y) = \left( 1 - (11) \begin{pmatrix} -10 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix} \right)$   
 $= 4$

∴ The new dictionary is

$$x_1 = 2 + 3x_3 - 2x_4 + x_5 \\ x_2 = 2 - 5x_3 + 3x_4 - 2x_5 \\ \hline z = 12 - 2x_3 - 7x_4 + 4x_5$$

Since the coefficient of  $x_5$  in the objective function row is POSITIVE, we are NOT OPTIMAL. We can however

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(b) SUPPOSE we add a constraint

$$x_1 + x_2 \geq 5 \text{ to the original LP (1)}$$

We know that

$x_1 = 2 + 3x_3 - 2x_4$  and  $x_2 = 2 - 5x_3 + 3x_4$   
from the optimal dictionary to the original problem

$$\therefore x_1 + x_2 = (2 + 3x_3 - 2x_4) + (2 - 5x_3 + 3x_4)$$

$$\geq 5$$

OR  $x_5 = -1 - 2x_3 + x_4$   
( $x_5$  IS A slack variable in the new constraint)

When we introduce a new constraint in the primal, we introduce a new surplus variable in the dual problem. let  $s_5$  be the new dual surplus variable

Our complementary variables are

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \\ x_5 \end{pmatrix} \iff \begin{pmatrix} s_1 \\ s_2 \\ s_3 \\ s_4 \\ s_5 \end{pmatrix}$$