

1. Give four examples of transitive/intransitive verb pairs, with appropriate objects or subjects:

Transitive:

ex: ドアを開ける (I'll open the door)

Intransitive:

ドアが開く (The door will open)

_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

2. Give sentences that preserve the following nuances:

“The door opened.” (e.g., despite the fact that everyone thought it had been glued shut)

a. _____

“I was unable to open the door.” (hint 1: please please please don't add 'watashi' to this: it sounds thick-headed).
(hint 2: watch out for the grammar police on particles)

b. _____

“The door has been opened.” (e.g., by someone)

c. _____

“I opened the door.” (...when I knew I wasn't supposed to, but all I did was barely touch it, and it popped open...)

d. _____

“The door opened.” (...when I thought I had glued it shut, but oops I miscalculated the tenacity of super-glue...)

e. _____

“The door got opened.” (...just when I was in the most embarrassing situation imaginable...)

f. _____

3. Analyze: 「見られました」: この質問はむつかしいので、ハンドアウトを見てもいい。

What is the dictionary form of the verb?: _____

What is the category of the verb? (e.g., 五段動詞): _____

Divide the example into its constituent parts: (Answer:) み / られ / ました

For the first part (み~), what form is it in? (e.g., 未然形): _____

For the second part (られ~), what is the category? (e.g., 五段動詞):

(hint: consider the possible endings ~られる、~られない): _____

For the second part (られ~), what form is it in? (e.g., 未然形): _____

For the third part (ました), what is the category? (e.g., 五段動詞): _____

(hint: consider the possible endings ~ます、~ました、~ません、~まして)

For the third part (ました), what form is it in? (e.g., 未然形): _____