

**FINAL EXAM**

(1)[4 Pts] Let  $f, g \in L^1_{loc}(\mathbb{R})$  and suppose that

$$\int f \phi = \int g \phi$$

for all  $\phi \in C_c^\infty(\mathbb{R})$ . Prove that  $f = g$  a.e.

(2)[4 Pts] (a) Compute the (distributional) derivative of  $\chi_{[a,b]}$ .

(b) Compute the Fourier transform of the Heaviside function  $H(x) = \chi_{(0,\infty)}$ . (Hint: write  $H(x) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{sgn}(x)$ ).

(c) Compute the Fourier transform of the locally integrable function  $\sin x$ . (Hint: recall  $\sin x = \frac{e^{2\pi i x} - e^{-2\pi i x}}{2i}$ )

(3)[4 Pts] Suppose that  $f(x)$  is a bandlimited function with band 1, that is,  $\hat{f}(\xi) = 0$  for  $|\xi| > 1/2$ . Prove that

$$f(x) = \sum_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} f(n) \frac{\sin(\pi(x-n))}{\pi(x-n)}.$$

This is known as the *Shannon sampling theorem*.

(Hint: write  $\hat{f}(\xi)$  as a Fourier series in  $\xi$ . Then substitute this Fourier series into  $f(x) = \int_{-1/2}^{1/2} \hat{f}(\xi) e^{2\pi i x \xi} d\xi$ .)