

## ECG790C - Problem Set 7 - Spring 2009

1. Suppose that the price of a commodity (under the risk neutral measure) evolves according to

$$dS = \alpha(m - S)Sdt + \sigma SdW$$

Use `finsolve` to numerically the price of a put option on  $S$  with strike price  $K$  and  $T$  periods till maturity (the maturity value of a put option is  $\max(K - S, 0)$ ).

Use parameter values  $\alpha = 0.5$ ,  $m = 1$ ,  $\sigma = 0.2$ ,  $K = 1$ ,  $T = 1$  and the risk-free interest rate  $r = 0.05$ .

What is the current value of the option if  $S = 0.95$ ? What is the  $\Delta$  of the option (i.e.,  $V_S(S, \tau)$ ) for this value of  $S$ ?

2. Modify `demfin01` to include a coupon rate of 1% per year. Change the demo to plot the residual function rather than the error function.
3. Transform the problem in `demfin01` so the state variable lies on  $[0,1]$  using the transform

$$z = \frac{\alpha}{\alpha + r}$$

Solve the transformed problem. Compare the number of nodes needed for a similar sized error compared to the method used in `demfin01`.

4. Alter your approach in the bond pricing problem in `demfin01` to handle a discrete coupon of 1% per year paid at the end of the first year and in each subsequent year except the terminal year (when the face value is paid). For this problem `finsolve` cannot be used directly but can be used recursively (i.e., solve it one year at a time and use the results of each step as terminal conditions for the next step).