

# **An Incremental Approach to Undergraduate CSE Education**

**By**

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# Outline

- *Rational for the Incremental Approach*
- *Lower Level Courses with CSE Mode of Investigation*
- *Upper Level Courses with CSE Mode of Investigation*
- *Concluding Remarks*

## *Rational for Incremental Approach*

**Some observations:**

- **Most scientific/engineering disciplines are using more computer simulations.**
- **A larger proportion of members of these disciplines are doing this.**
- **The CSE mode of investigation involves components of applications, models, methods, computer implementation and assessment.**

**Therefore, there is a need to integrate the CSE topics into more of the undergraduate programs for science/engineering.**

## *Rational for Incremental Approach*

**The traditional Calculus/ODE sequence of 15 credits does not have enough**

- **Basic matrix algebra**

**...lacks least squares, n unknown systems and computation tools.**

- **Cohesive discussion of iterative methods**

**...lacks order of convergence, adaptive methods and computation tools.**

## *Rational for Incremental Approach*

**Traditional solution includes some courses on**

- **Numerical analysis**
- **Matrix algebra**
- **Differential equations**
- **High performance computing**
- **Grand challenge applications.**

**There is not enough room in the typical undergraduate program.  
Moreover, not all students will be able or be inclined to use these tools.**

## *Rational for Incremental Approach*

**Try to revise the Calculus/ODE sequence!**

- **Too much inertia and tradition**
- **Political difficulties, and able and willing faculty**
- **Computation as a tool for learning versus a tool for a profession**

## *Rational for Incremental Approach*

**One possible restructuring of Calculus/ODE is to**

- (i). Convert the 3 four-credit Calculus to 4 three-credits courses,**
- (ii). A new three-credit course on "Computational" Calculus would complement Differential, Integral and Multivariable Calculus**
- (iii). "Computational" Calculus could include computational tools, basic matrix algebra, and iterative methods.**

## *Rational for Incremental Approach*

**When discussing these ideas with faculty, there is a lot of silence and not much action!**

**So, any "big" changes to the traditional required courses are unlikely to happen.**

**The creation of supplemental or elective courses is an important alternative. This will generate course materials, a student following, and be educational to traditional faculty.**

**Eventually, the "big" changes will take place.**

## *Lower Level Courses*

- **Spreadsheets for the Life and Management Calculus (one credit)**
- **Numerical ODE for the Science and Engineering Calculus/ODE (one credit)**
- **Introduction to Applied Mathematics (three credit second year class)**
- **Basic Matrix Algebra (one credit)**

## *Lower Level Courses*

### **Computational Math for the Life and Management Sciences**

- **Students have one semester of calculus.**
- **Uses the Excel spreadsheet (graphs, trendlines, solver, macros).**
- **Models of data, optimization, information and population.**
- **Examine the models via “what if” scenarios such as incorrect or variable price data.**
- **Meets one day a week with about 7 written reports.**

## *Lower Level Courses*

### **Numerical Solution and Application of ODEs**

- **Students have at least two semesters of calculus.**
- **Uses Matlab (plot, given m-files, ode45 and stiff solvers).**
- **Models of mechanics, circuits, populations and chemical reactions.**
- **Examine the models via “vary the parameter” scenarios such as variable damping in the resonance of a mass-spring.**
- **Meets one day a week with about 5 written reports.**

## *Lower Level Courses*

### **Introduction to Applied Math (A new course in Spring 2001)**

- **Students have three semesters of calculus (second year undergraduates).**
- **Some Matlab and Maple will be used.**
- **Five three-week modules, and this spring they were  
Heat and pollutant transfer, Cryptographic schemes,  
Acoustic waves, Biological applications and  
Modeling random phenomena.**
- **Examine the models with the hope motivating the students  
for a more detailed study, and develop math “as is needed”.**
- **Meets three days a week with some traditional homework and  
a five or six page written report on  
“A Plan of Study for the Third and Fourth Years”.**

## *Lower Level Courses*

### **Matrix Applications and Computations (A new course in Spring 2002)**

- **Students have one semester of calculus.**
- **Some Matlab will be used to demonstrate computations.**
- **Topics include matrices and graphing, Gauss elimination, inverse matrices, data fitting via least squares and eigenvalues.**
- **Applications include optimization, circuits, structures, mixing, and time dependent models of lead poisoning, mixing and heat transfer.**
- **Meets three days a week during a five-week segment of a semester.**

## *Upper Level Courses*

- **Computational Mathematics**

**Developed by Professor R. E. White**

**.... supercomputing, numerical PDE, heat and mass transfer**

- **Mathematical and Experimental Modeling of the Physical Sciences I**

**Developed by Professors H. T. Banks and H. T. Tran**

**.... physical laboratory with heat , beam vibration, acoustics**

- **Mathematical and Experimental Modeling of the Physical Sciences II**

**.... physical laboratory with structured population models,**

**electromagnetism and dispersion**

## *Concluding Remarks*

- **The wide spread use of the CSE mode of investigation is driving computation science education to a much larger portion of the undergraduates.**
- **The CSE mode of investigation needs to be at least illustrated to first and second year undergraduates.**
- **All students should have an overall appreciation of the this process, to be able to use computational tools and to analyze possible errors.**
- **The implementation of these changes will be inhibited by academic tradition, the lack of understanding of CSE, cautious faculty and traditional resource allocations.**
- **An incremental approach to CSE education can effectively be implemented and gradually can lead to more enduring changes in the required course work for all undergraduate science/engineering students.**

## *Plan of Action*

