

## Extra Credit 3 in MA 341.002

**Due Date is Tuesday, November 16.**  
**How much extra credit? Up to 10 percent on exam three.**

Consider the initial value problem for a coupled mass-spring system with friction force on both masses equal to  $b$  times the velocity, see section 5.5 for the no friction case. Consult the Matlab/Maple links for lectures 34-37 in the old syllabus:

<http://www4.eos/users/w/white/www/white/ma341/ma341hp.htm>

- (a). State the coupled system of two second-order differential equations.
- (b). By hand use the elimination method to find the solution when  $m_1 = 2$ ,  $m_2 = 1$ ,  $k_1 = 4$ ,  $k_2 = 2$ ,  $b = 10$  and the initial conditions are  $x(0) = -1$ ,  $x'(0) = 0$ ,  $y(0) = 0$  and  $y'(0) = 0$ .  
This will generate a fourth order polynomial whose roots must be found. You can use the Matlab command *roots* to find these. Use *dsolve* to confirm the by hand calculations.
- (c). State the corresponding coupled system of four first-order differential equations. Indicate the initial conditions. Indicate the matrix version of these equations.
- (d). Use eigenvectors and eigenvalues to find the solution of the initial value problem. The Matlab command `[ u d ] = eig(A)` can be used to find the four eigenvectors and eigenvalues. This solution should agree with the solution in part (b).

$$\textcircled{a} \quad \begin{aligned} m_1 x'' &= -k_1 x + k_2 (y-x) - b x' \\ m_2 y'' &= -k_2 (y-x) - b y' \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x(0) &= -1 & y(0) &= 0 \\ x'(0) &= 0 & y'(0) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \begin{aligned} 2x'' + 6x - 2y + 10x' &= 0 & \textcircled{1} \\ y'' + 2y - x + 10y' &= 0 & \textcircled{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \rightarrow y = \frac{2x'' + 6x + 10x'}{2} = x'' + 3x + 5x'$$

$$\textcircled{2} \rightarrow (x'' + 3x + 5x')'' + 2(x'' + 3x + 5x') - x' + 10(x'' + 3x + 5x')' = 0$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad x'''' + x''' 15 + x'' 55 + x' 40 + 4 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} x(0) &= -1 \\ x'(0) &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} y(0) &= x''(0) + 3x(0) + 5x'(0) \\ 0 &= x''(0) + 3(-1) + 5 \cdot 0 \\ x''(0) &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \rightarrow \begin{aligned} y'(0) &= x'''(0) + 3x'(0) + 5x''(0) \\ 0 &= x'''(0) + 3 \cdot 0 + 5 \cdot 3 \\ x'''(0) &= -15 \end{aligned}$$

Assume  $x = e^{rt}$ .

$$\textcircled{3} \rightarrow e^{rt} (r^4 + 15r^3 + 55r^2 + 40r + 4) = 0$$

$$e^{rt} \neq 0 \rightarrow r^4 + 15r^3 + 55r^2 + 40r + 4 = 0$$

Let  $r_1, r_2, r_3, r_4$  be solutions.

$$X = c_1 e^{r_1 t} + c_2 e^{r_2 t} + c_3 e^{r_3 t} + c_4 e^{r_4 t}$$

$$y = x'' + 3x + 5x'$$

$$= c_1 (r_1^2 + 3 + 5r_1) e^{r_1 t} \\ + c_2 (r_2^2 + 3 + 5r_2) e^{r_2 t} \\ + c_3 (r_3^2 + 3 + 5r_3) e^{r_3 t} \\ + c_4 (r_4^2 + 3 + 5r_4) e^{r_4 t}$$

$$R_i \equiv r_i^2 + 3 + 5r_i$$

$$\vec{X} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ x' \\ y \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_1 r_1 \\ c_1 R_1 \\ c_1 R_1 r_1 \end{bmatrix} e^{r_1 t} + \begin{bmatrix} c_2 \\ c_2 r_2 \\ c_2 R_2 \\ c_2 R_2 r_2 \end{bmatrix} e^{r_2 t} + \begin{bmatrix} c_3 \\ c_3 r_3 \\ c_3 R_3 \\ c_3 R_3 r_3 \end{bmatrix} e^{r_3 t} + \begin{bmatrix} c_4 \\ c_4 r_4 \\ c_4 R_4 \\ c_4 R_4 r_4 \end{bmatrix} e^{r_4 t}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ r_1 \\ R_1 \\ R_1 r_1 \end{bmatrix} e^{r_1 t} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ r_2 \\ R_2 \\ R_2 r_2 \end{bmatrix} e^{r_2 t} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ r_3 \\ R_3 \\ R_3 r_3 \end{bmatrix} e^{r_3 t} + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ r_4 \\ R_4 \\ R_4 r_4 \end{bmatrix} e^{r_4 t} \begin{bmatrix} c_1 \\ c_2 \\ c_3 \\ c_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^4 \vec{X}_i(t) \vec{c}_i$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \vec{x} = \begin{bmatrix} x \\ x' \\ y \\ y' \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{x}' &= \begin{bmatrix} x' \\ x'' \\ y' \\ y'' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -\frac{(k_1+k_2)}{m_1} & -\frac{b}{m_1} & \frac{k_2}{m_1} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ \frac{k_2}{m_2} & 0 & -\frac{k_2}{m_2} & -\frac{b}{m_2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ x' \\ y \\ y' \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -3 & -5 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -2 & -10 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ x' \\ y \\ y' \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad \vec{x} = c_1 \vec{u}_1 e^{r_1 t} + c_2 \vec{u}_2 e^{r_2 t} + c_3 \vec{u}_3 e^{r_3 t} + c_4 \vec{u}_4 e^{r_4 t}$$

where  $i=1, \dots, 4$

$$A \vec{u}_i = r_i \vec{u}_i, \quad \vec{u}_i \neq \vec{0}$$

$$[u \ d] = \text{eig}(A), \quad \begin{matrix} 4 \times 4 & 4 \times 4 & 4 \times 4 \\ A, & u & d \end{matrix}$$

$$\vec{u}_i = u(i, i) \quad r_i = d(i, i)$$

OR

$$\vec{x}(t) = \overset{4 \times 4}{X(t)} \overset{4 \times 1}{\vec{c}}$$

$$\vec{x}(0) = \overset{4 \times 4}{X(0)} \vec{c}$$

$$\vec{c} = \overset{4 \times 4}{X(0)^{-1}} \vec{x}(0)$$

$$\overset{4 \times 4}{X(0)} = [\vec{u}_1 \ \vec{u}_2 \ \vec{u}_3 \ \vec{u}_4]$$

$$\vec{x}(0) = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ +3 \\ -15 \end{bmatrix}$$

**PART (b).**

```
EDU>> r = roots([1 15 55 40 4])
```

r =

```
-9.8000  
-4.2779  
-0.8033  
-0.1188
```

```
EDU>> dsolve('D4x+15*D3x+55*D2x+40*Dx+4*x=0','D3x(0)=-  
15','D2x(0)=3','Dx(0)=0','x(0)=-1','t')
```

Warning: Explicit solution could not be found.

$$x(t) = C_1 e^{r(1)t} + C_2 e^{r(2)t} + C_3 e^{r(3)t} + C_4 e^{r(4)t}$$

**PART (c).**

```
EDU>> A = [0 1 0 0;-3 -5 1 0;0 0 0 1;2 0 -2 -10]
```

A =

```
0 1 0 0  
-3 -5 1 0  
0 0 0 1  
2 0 -2 -10
```

```
EDU>> [u d] = eig(A)
```

u =

```
0.0020 -0.2267 0.7309 0.3792  
-0.0199 0.9699 -0.5871 -0.0450  
0.1015 0.0202 -0.2713 0.9178  
-0.9946 -0.0863 0.2179 -0.1090
```

d =

```
-9.8000 0 0 0  
0 -4.2779 0 0  
0 0 -0.8033 0  
0 0 0 -0.1188
```

```
EDU>> x0 = [-1 0 3 -15]'
```

```
x0 =
```

```
-1  
0  
3  
-15
```

```
EDU>> c = inv(u)*x0
```

```
c =
```

```
14.5647  
-1.0168  
-2.2507  
1.0151
```

```
EDU>> syms x t
```

```
EDU>> x = c(1)*u(:,1)*exp(d(1,1)*t) +...  
c(2)*u(:,2)*exp(d(2,2)*t) +...  
c(3)*u(:,3)*exp(d(3,3)*t) +...  
c(4)*u(:,4)*exp(d(4,4)*t)
```

### **COMPARE eigenvectors:**

```
EDU>> x1 = u(:,1)/u(1,1)
```

```
x1 =
```

```
1.0000  
-9.8000  
50.0400  
-490.3914
```

```
EDU>> x2 = u(:,2)/u(1,2)
```

```
x2 =
```

```
1.0000  
-4.2779  
-0.0890  
0.3806
```

```
EDU>> x3 = u(:,3)/u(1,3)
```

```
x3 =
```

```
1.0000  
-0.8033  
-0.3712  
0.2982
```

```
EDU>> x4 = u(:,4)/u(1,4)
```

```
x4 =
```

```
1.0000  
-0.1188  
2.4202  
-0.2875
```

```
EDU>> r
```

```
r =
```

```
-9.8000  
-4.2779  
-0.8033  
-0.1188
```

```
EDU>> x1hat = [1 r(1) r(1)^2+3+5*r(1) (r(1)^2+3+5*r(1))*r(1)]'
```

```
x1hat =
```

```
1.0000  
-9.8000  
50.0400
```

-490.3914

EDU>> x1

x1 =

1.0000  
-9.8000  
50.0400  
-490.3914

EDU>> x2hat = [1 r(2) r(2)^2+3+5\*r(2) (r(2)^2+3+5\*r(2))\*r(2)]'

x2hat =

1.0000  
-4.2779  
-0.0890  
0.3806

EDU>> x2

x2 =

1.0000  
-4.2779  
-0.0890  
0.3806

EDU>> x3hat = [1 r(3) r(3)^2+3+5\*r(3) (r(3)^2+3+5\*r(3))\*r(3)]'

x3hat =

1.0000  
-0.8033  
-0.3712  
0.2982

EDU>> x3

x3 =

1.0000  
-0.8033  
-0.3712

0.2982

```
EDU>> x4hat = [1 r(4) r(4)^2+3+5*r(4) (r(4)^2+3+5*r(4))*r(4)]'
```

x4hat =

1.0000  
-0.1188  
2.4202  
-0.2875

```
EDU>> x4
```

x4 =

1.0000  
-0.1188  
2.4202  
-0.2875