

Extra Credit 1 in MA 341.002

**Due Date is Thursday, September 9.
How much extra credit? Up to 10 percent on exam one.**

Consider the initial value problem

$$y'(t) = .01(y - 1)(y - 10) \text{ and } y(0) = 8.$$

Consult the Matlab/Maple links for lectures 3, 4 and 8 in the old syllabus:

<http://www4.eos/users/w/white/www/white/ma341/ma341hp.htm>

- (a). By hand calculations and the separations of variables method find the exact algebraic solution.
- (b). Use *dsolve* and *ezplot* to find this solution and its graph.
- (c). Use *quiver* to find the direction field and use it to approximate the graphical solution.
- (d). Use the Euler numerical method to find an approximate numerical solution. You may wish to modify the code in lecture 8, *eulerc1.m*.

1a

$$\frac{dy}{dt} = e^{9t}(y-1)(y-10), \quad y(0) = 8, \quad C > 0$$

$$\frac{dy}{(y-1)(y-10)} = e^{9t} dt \quad 1 < y < 10 \text{ for "small" } t$$

$$\int \frac{dy}{(y-1)(y-10)} = \int e^{9t} dt + C_1$$

$$\int \frac{1}{9} \left(\frac{1}{y-1} + \frac{1}{y-10} \right) dy = e^{9t} + C_1$$

$$-\frac{1}{9} \ln|y-1| + \frac{1}{9} \ln|y-10| =$$

$$-\frac{1}{9} \ln(y-1) + \frac{1}{9} \ln(10-y) =$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{10-y}{y-1}\right) = 9t + 9C_1$$

$$e^{\ln\left(\frac{10-y}{y-1}\right)} = e^{9t + 9C_1}$$

$$\frac{10-y}{y-1} = e^{9t} \frac{e^{9C_1}}{1}$$

$$\frac{10-y}{y-1} = \tilde{C} e^{9t}$$

$$10-y = (y-1) \tilde{C} e^{9t} \\ = y \tilde{C} e^{9t} - \tilde{C} e^{9t}$$

$$y(-1 - \tilde{C} e^{9t}) = -10 - \tilde{C} e^{9t}$$

$$y = \frac{10 + \tilde{C} e^{9t}}{1 + \tilde{C} e^{9t}}$$

$$y(0) = 8 = \frac{10 + \tilde{C} \cdot 1}{1 + \tilde{C}}$$

$$8(1 + \tilde{C}) = 10 + \tilde{C}$$

$$7\tilde{C} = 2$$

$$\tilde{C} = 2/7$$

$$\frac{1}{(y-1)(y-10)} = \frac{A}{y-1} + \frac{B}{y-10} \\ 1 = A(y-10) + B(y-1) \\ y=10 \Rightarrow 1 = 0 + B(-1) \\ B = -1 \\ y=1 \Rightarrow 1 = A(-9) + 0 \\ A = -\frac{1}{9}$$

$$y = \frac{10 + \frac{2}{7} e^{9t}}{1 + \frac{2}{7} e^{9t}}$$

```
EDU>> sol=dsolve('Dy=.01*(y-1)*(y-10)',y(0)=8,'t')
```

```
sol =
```

```
(-10+exp(9/100*t+log(-2/7)))/(exp(9/100*t+log(-2/7))-1)
```

```
EDU>> pretty(sol)
```

$$\frac{-10 + \exp(9/100 t + \log(-2/7))}{\exp(9/100 t + \log(-2/7)) - 1}$$

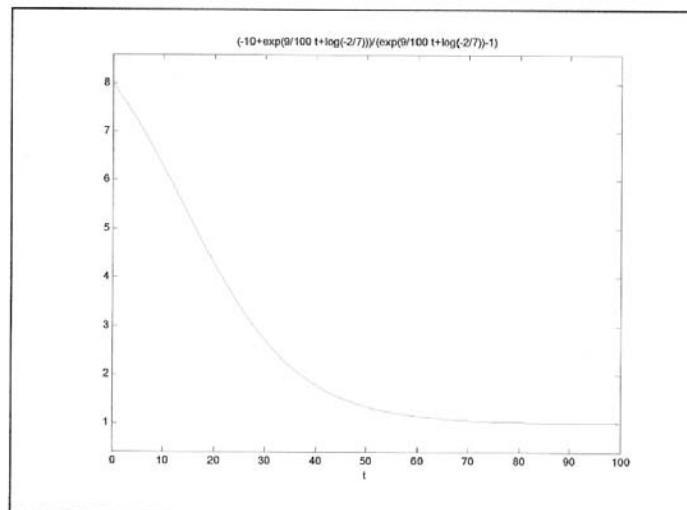
```
EDU>> simplify(sol)
```

```
ans =
```

```
2*(35+exp(9/100*t))/(2*exp(9/100*t)+7)
```

```
EDU>> ezplot(sol,[0 40])
```

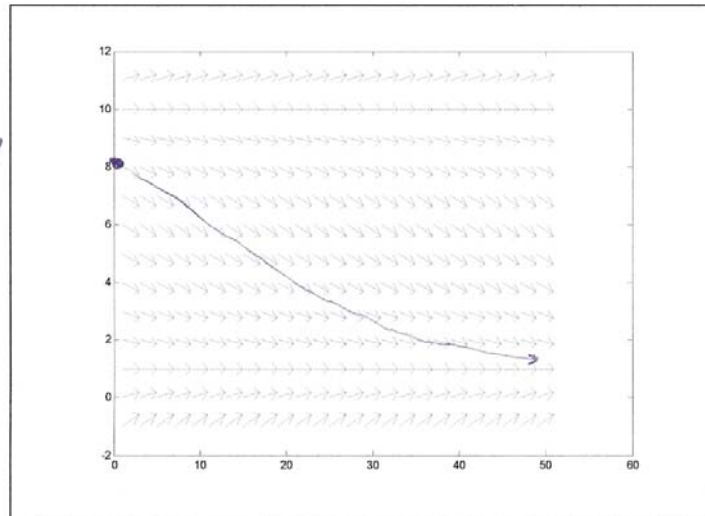
```
EDU>> ezplot(sol,[0 100])
```





```
EDU>> clear
EDU>> [t y]=meshgrid(1:2:50,-1:1:11);
EDU>> slope = .01.*(y-1).*(y-10);
EDU>> quiver(t,y,ones(size(t)),slope)
```

$y(0) = 8$



```

clear;
y(1) = 8.;
yexact(1) = 8;
T = 50;
KK = 100
h = T/KK;
t(1) = 0.;
for k = 1:KK
    t(k+1) = t(k) + h;
    yexact(k+1) = 2*(35+exp(.09*t(k+1)))/(2*exp(.09*t(k+1))+7);
    y(k+1) = y(k) + h*.01*(y(k)-1)*(y(k)-10);
end
error = abs(yexact(KK+1) - y(KK+1))
plot(t,y,'b',t,yexact,'r')

```

